

# Sound Reinforcement & Acoustics in Multi-Purpose Arenas

- **Arena „AufSchalke“ Gelsenkirchen now „VeltinsArena“**
- **Gottlieb Daimler Stadion Stuttgart**

**by Volker Loewer, IFB Consulting**



**prolight+sound**  
mediasystems

Fachmesse für Medientechnik  
und Systemintegration

Frankfurt am Main,  
29.03.-01.04.2006



# Multi-Purpose Arena

- Speech
- Music
- Voice-Alarm
  
- Live
- Recorded
  
- Ease of operation
- Flexibility
- ...



# Multi-Purpose Arena

- SPLmax
- Frequency Response
- Phase Response
- STI
- Background Noise
- Reverberation
- Reflections
- Noise Pollution
- ...



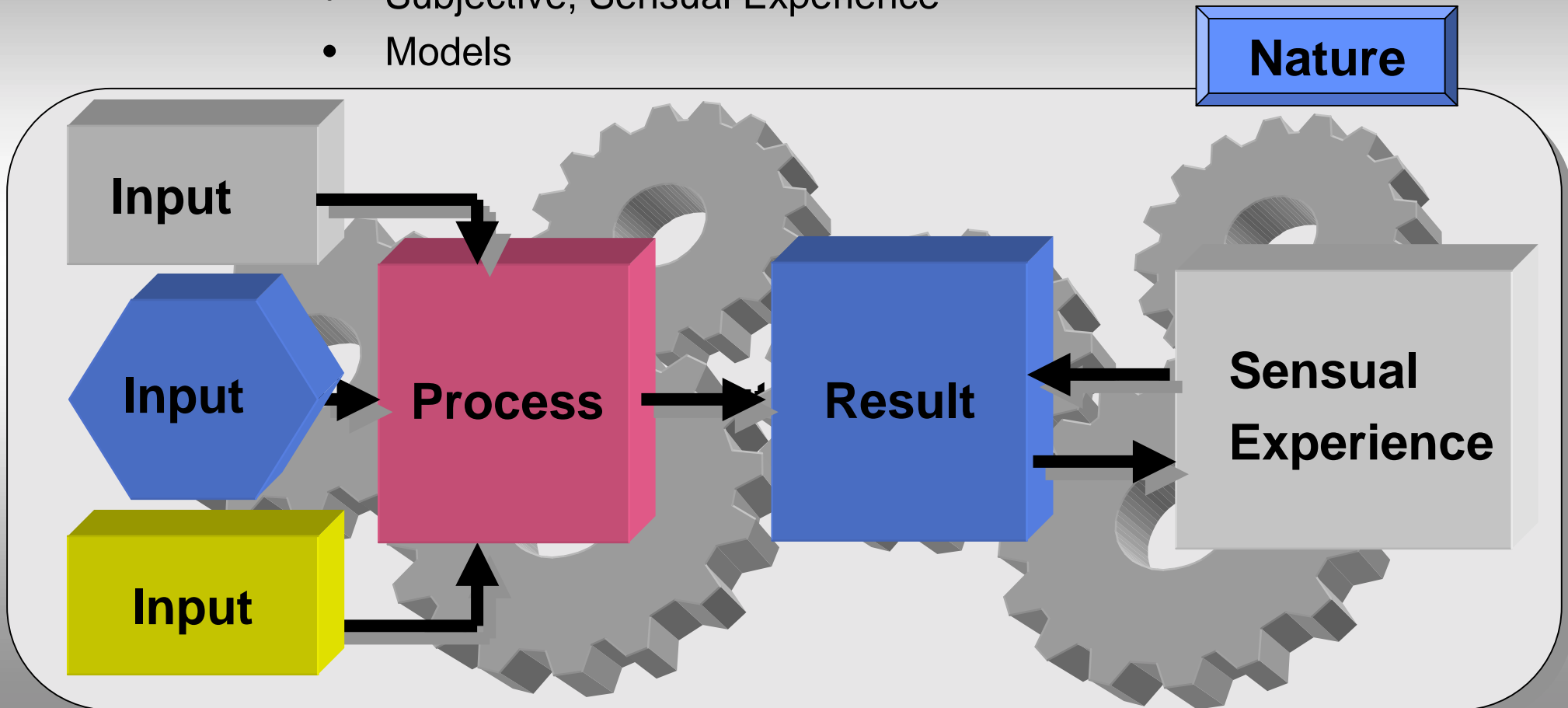
# Multi-Purpose Arena

- Expectation of the Owners
- Tools for the Technicians
- **Entertainment for the Patrons**
- (that is where the money comes from)



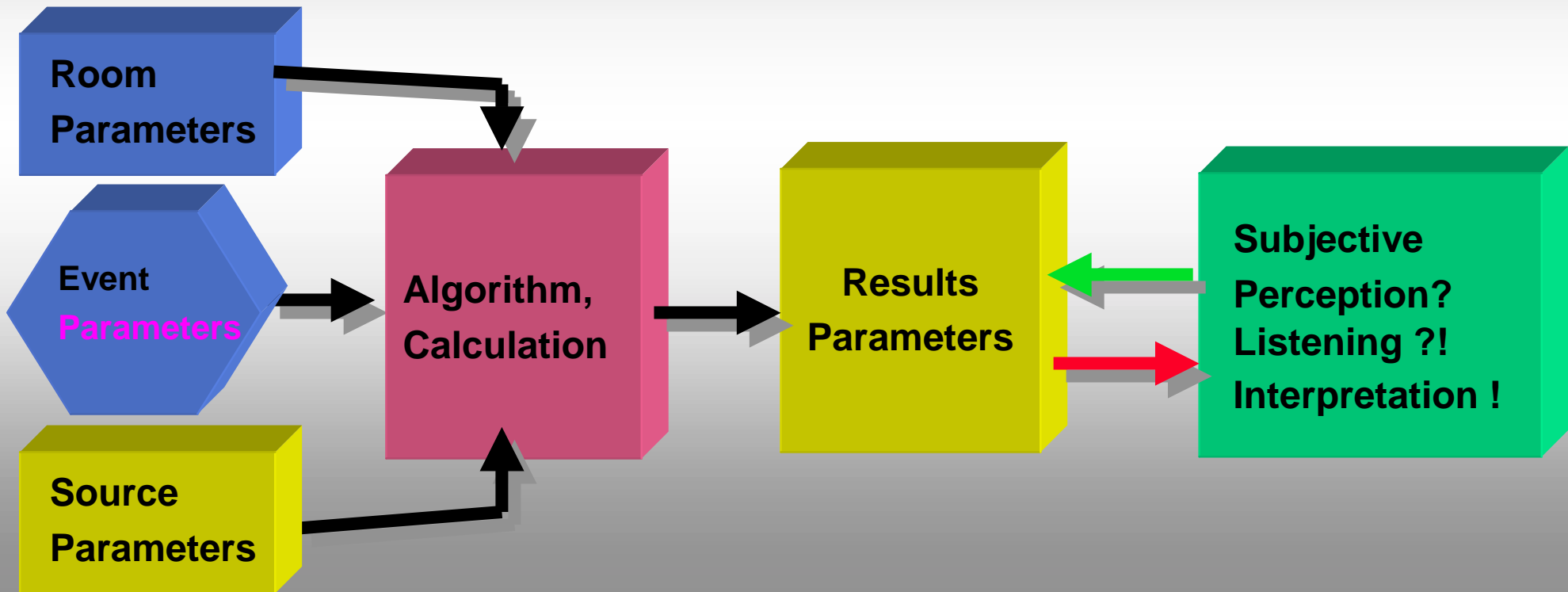
# Introduction

- Process (it is all a matter of nature)
- Subjective, Sensual Experience
- Models



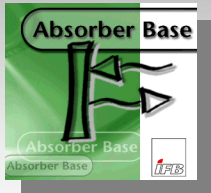
# Models, Algorithms

- Simplifying processes happening around us (nature)
- Discovering and understanding interaction and dependencies
- Calculate/Simulate parameters and results

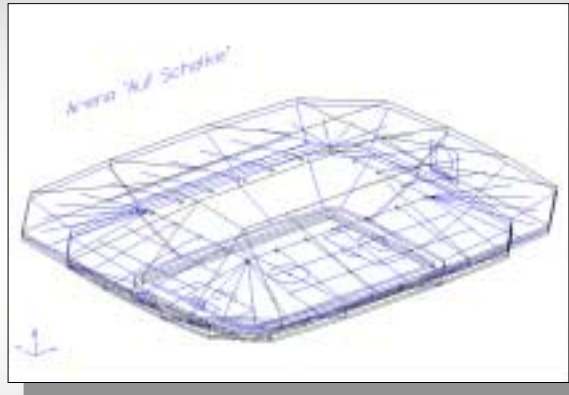


# Evaluation Concept, Input

## Acoustical Properties



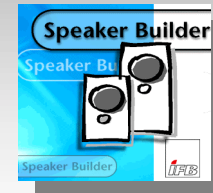
- Absorption
- Reflection
- Transmission



## Geometry

## Significant boundaries

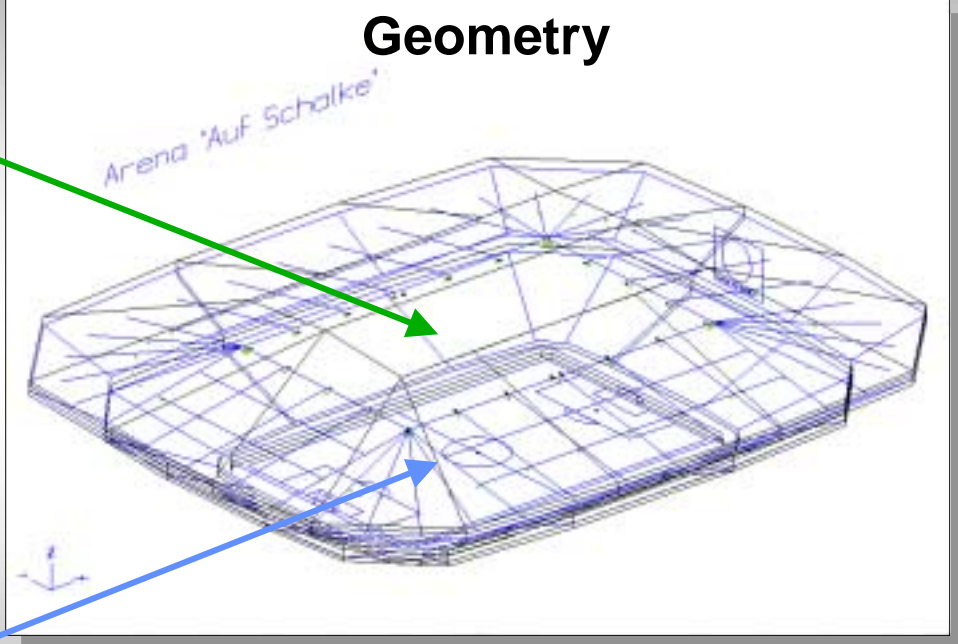
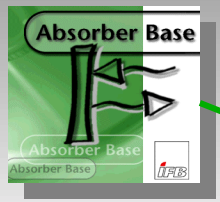
## Source Properties



- Directivity
- Efficiency
- Quantity

# Simulation Concept

## Acoustical Properties



## Geometry

## Source Properties

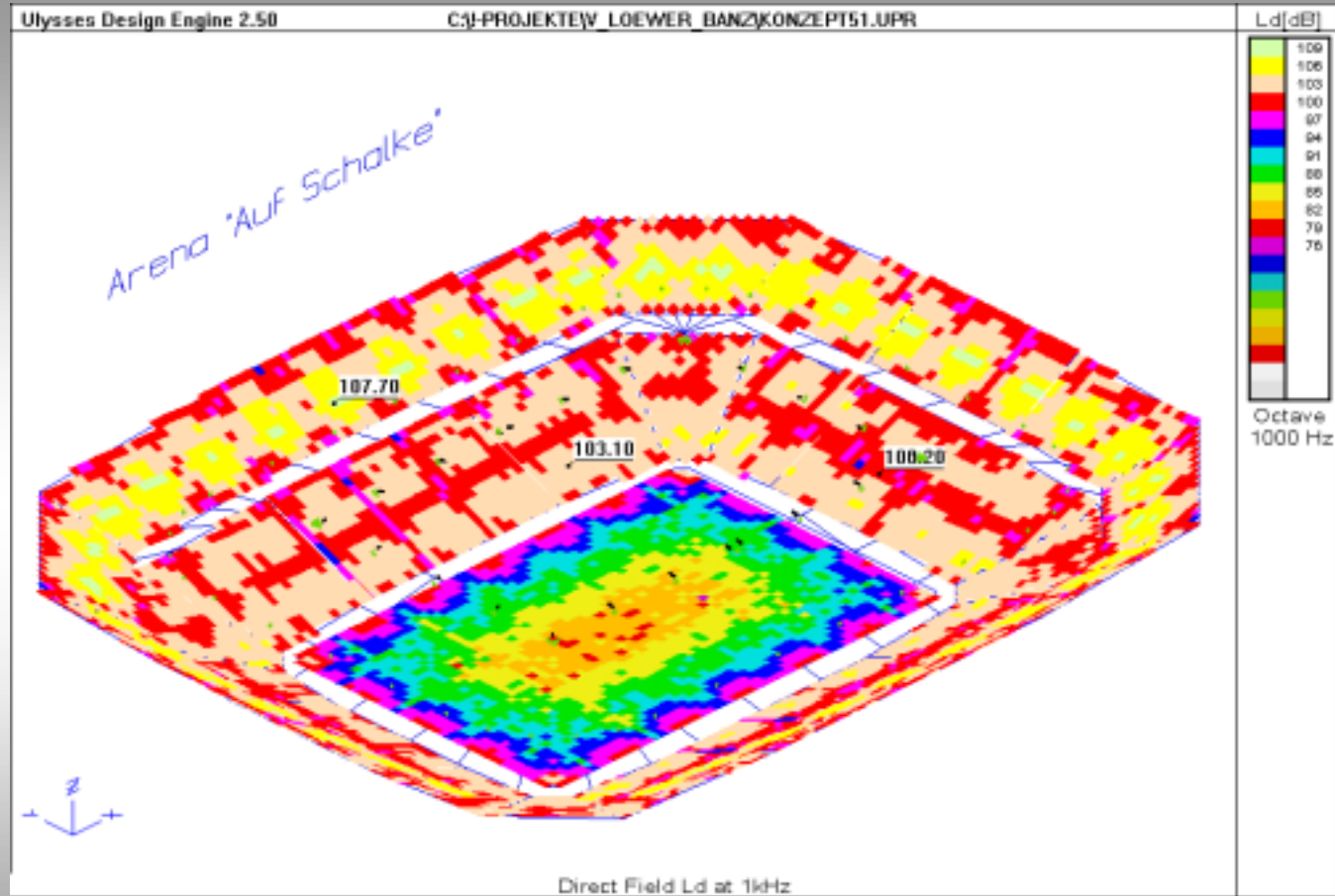




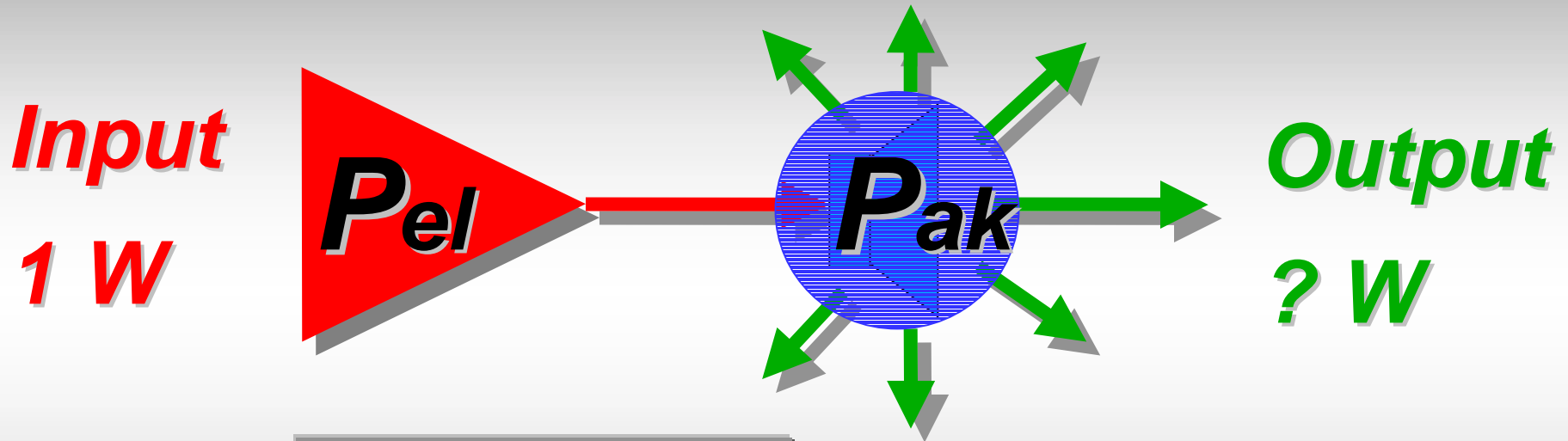
# Direct Sound Ld

## Direct Sound

- Speaker output
- Directivity
- Distance
- Number
- Aiming

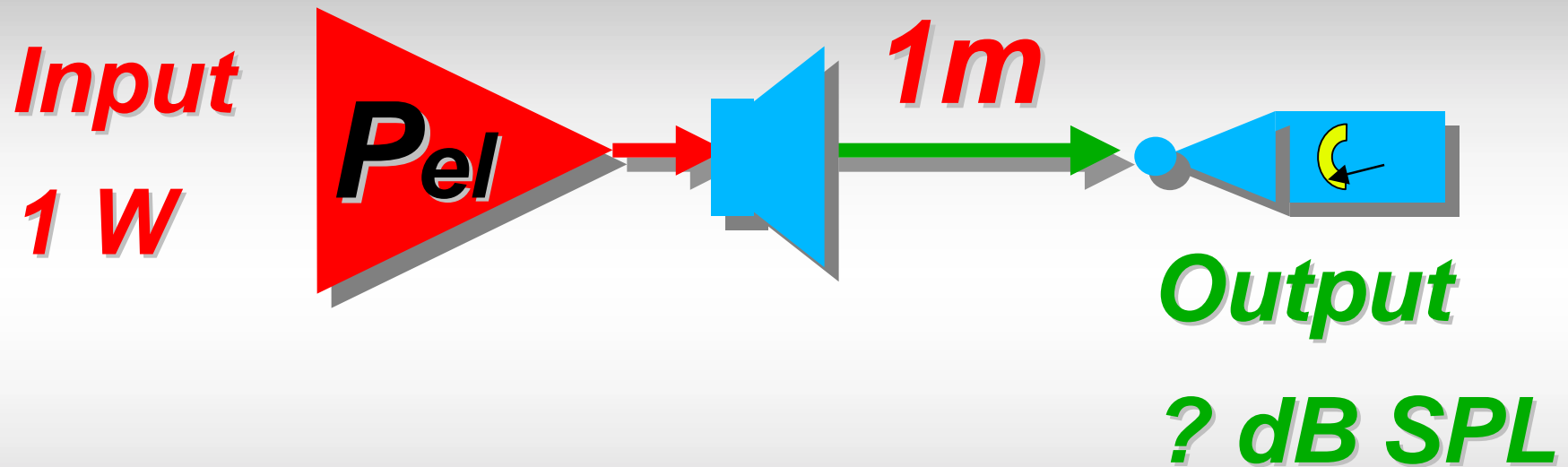


# Efficiency $\eta$



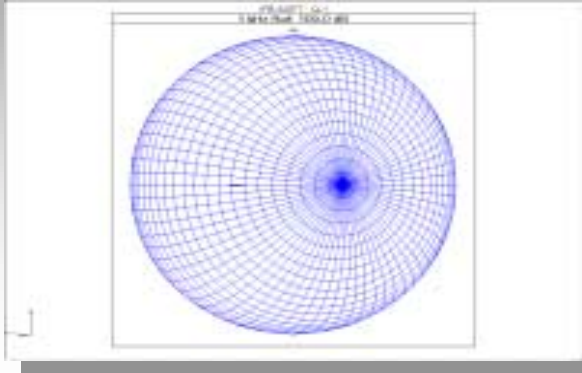
$$\eta = \frac{P_{ak}}{P_{el}}$$

# Speaker Sensitivity

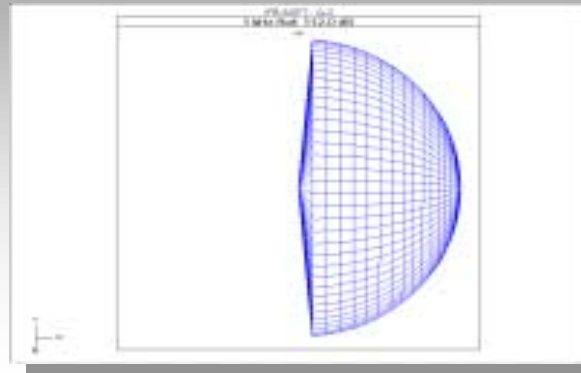


$$L_{sens} = ? \text{ dB SPL} / 1W / 1m$$

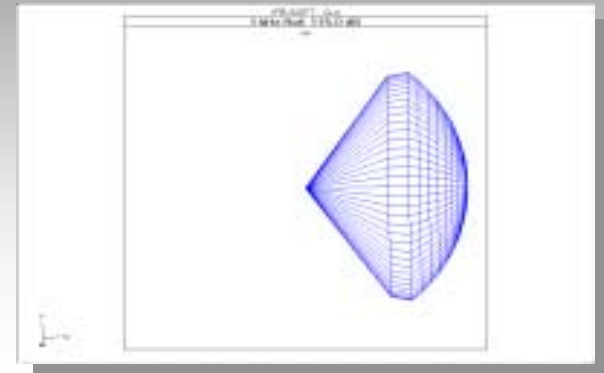
# Speaker Directivity, Q & Di



**Q= 1**  
**DI= 0 dB**



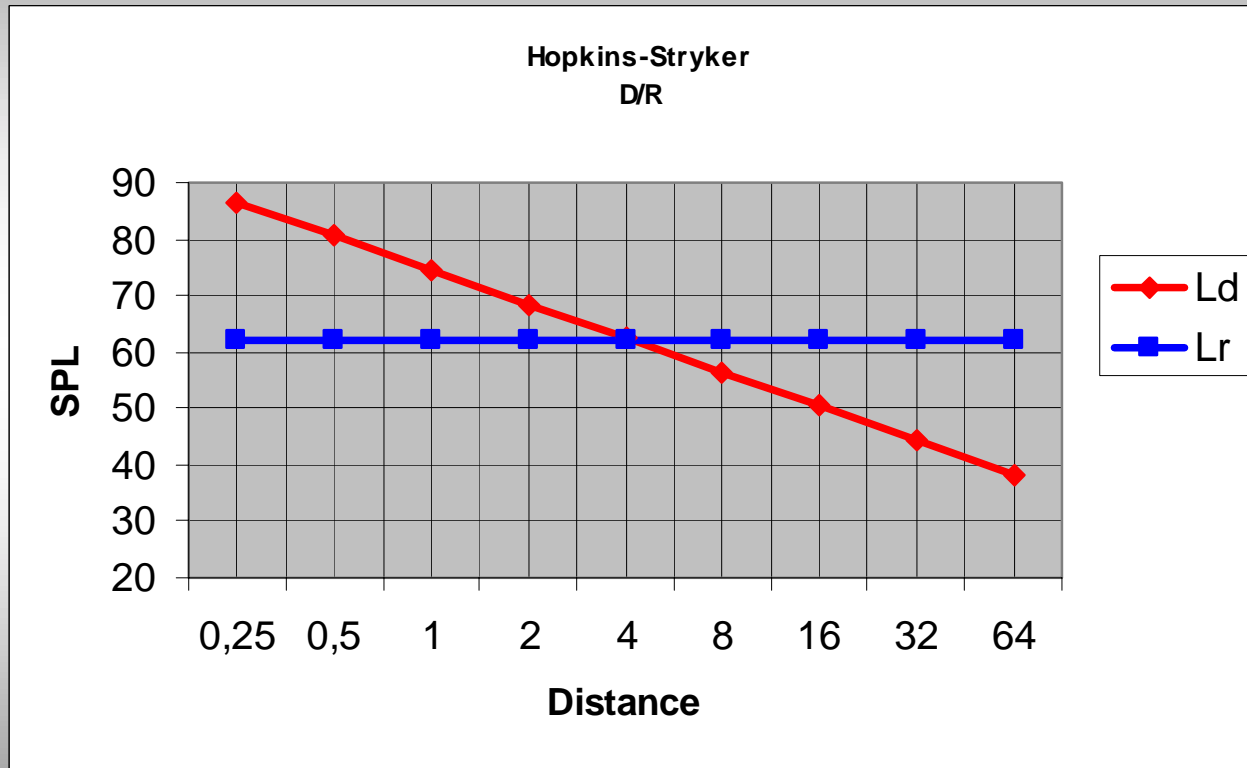
**Q= 2**  
**DI= 3 dB**



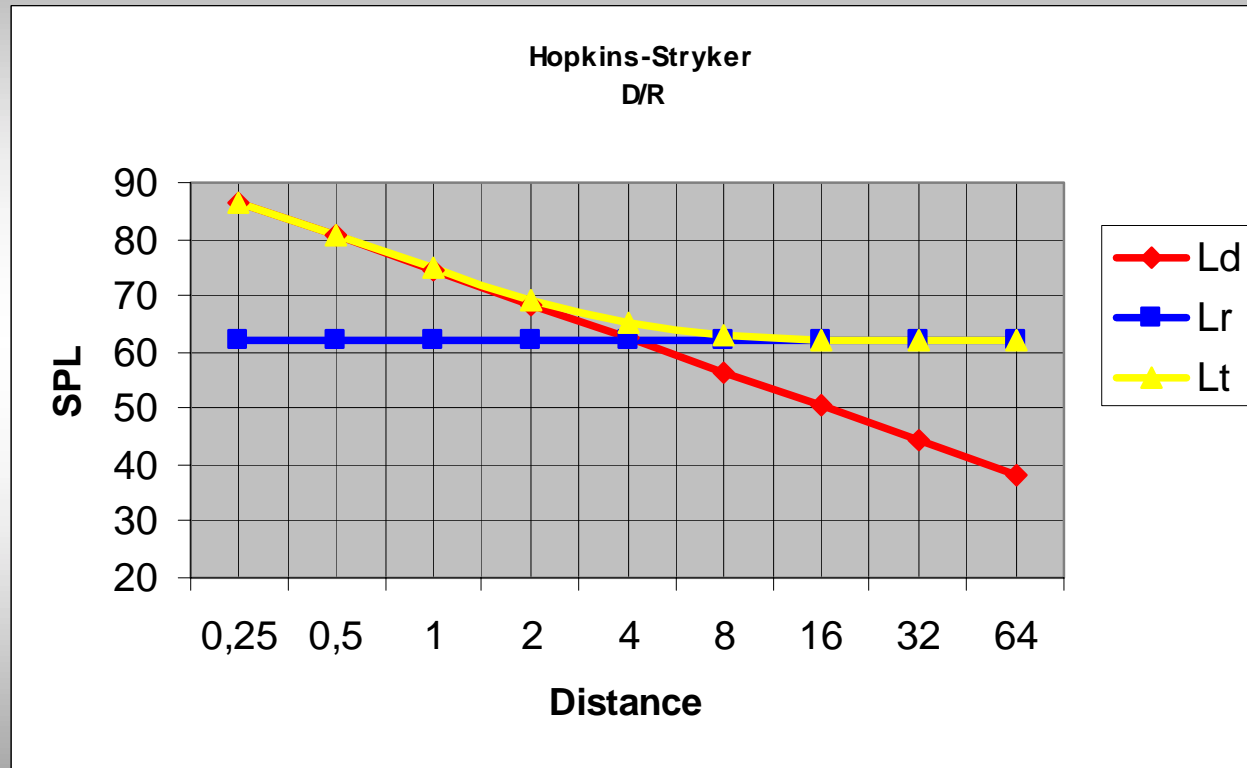
**Q= 4**  
**DI= 6dB**

$$D_I = 10 \log Q$$

# Direct and Reverberant Sound Field Ld & Lr

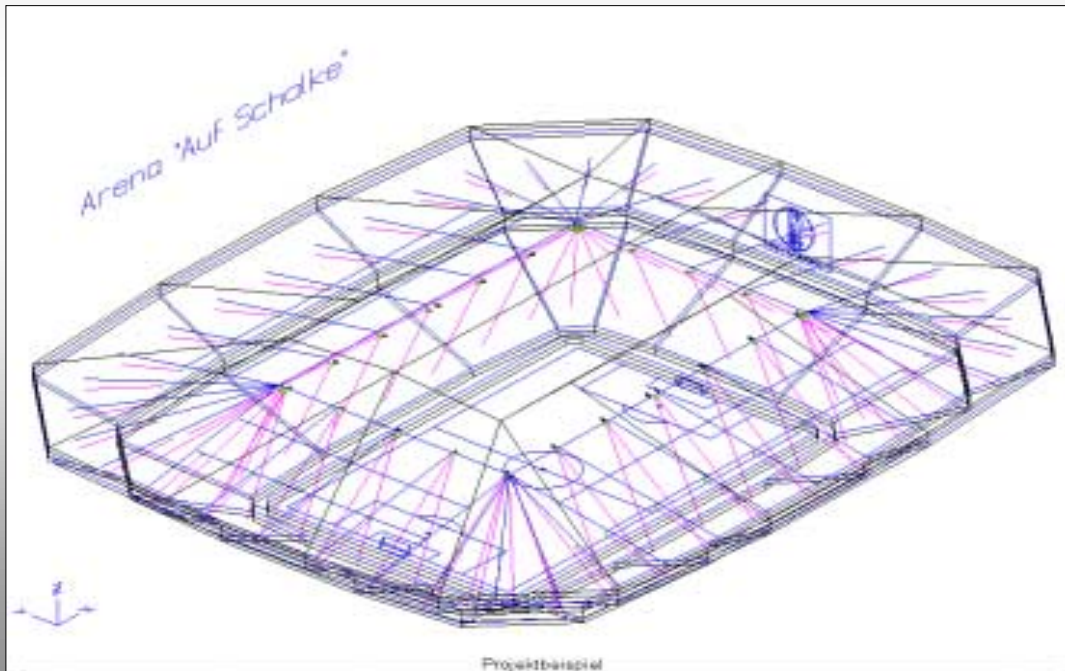


# Total Sound Field $L_t = L_d + L_r$



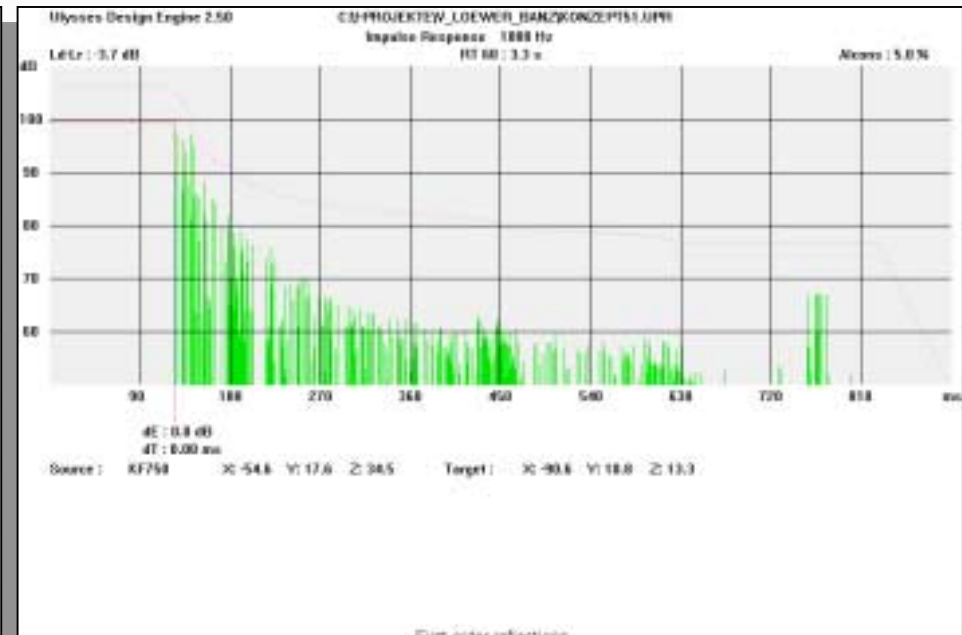
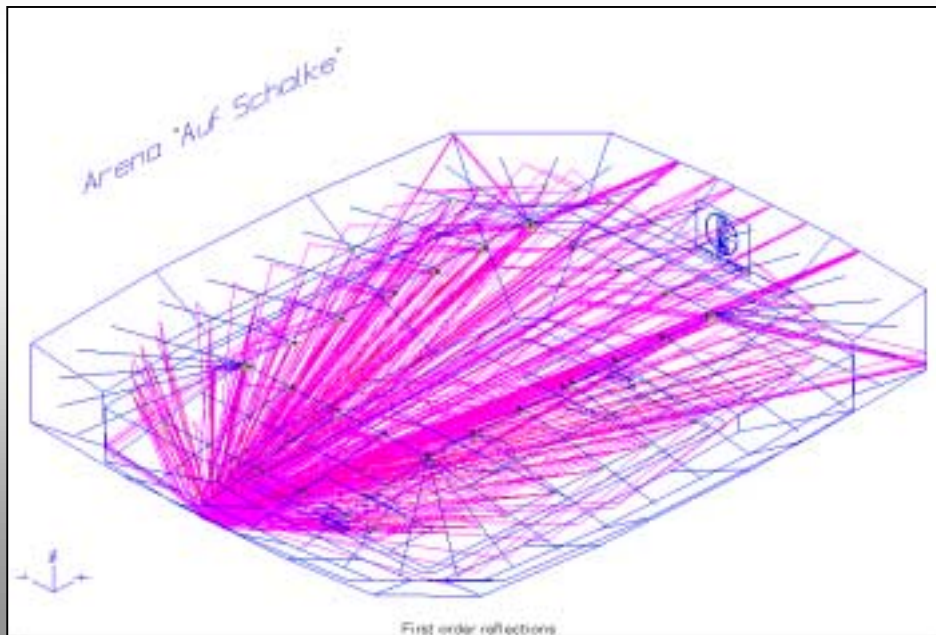
## How is the desired Direct Sound Level generated ?

- More or less number of sources?
- Long Throws, short throws?
- Steep aiming angles?
- Low or high directivity devices?
- Coverage according to listening area or shotgun design?



# The Total Acoustic Power Output creates:

- Direct Sound Level  $L_d$
- Reflection Potential
- Reverberation Level ( $L_r$ )
- Intelligibility ( $L_d$  vs.  $L_r$ )
- Total Sound Pressure Level ( $L_t = L_d + L_r$ )
- Noise Pollution Potential

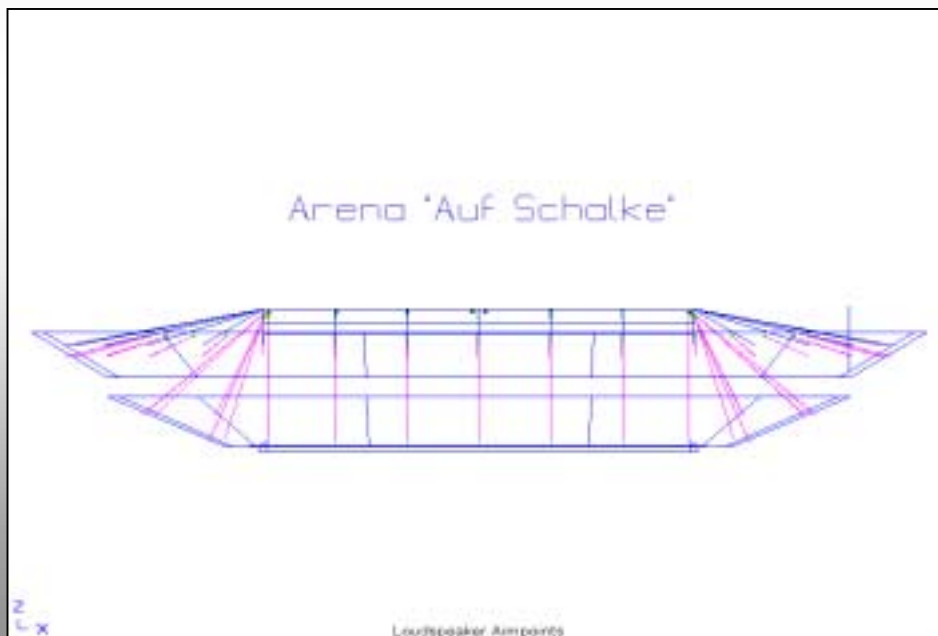




## A lower Total Acoustic Power Output ...\*:

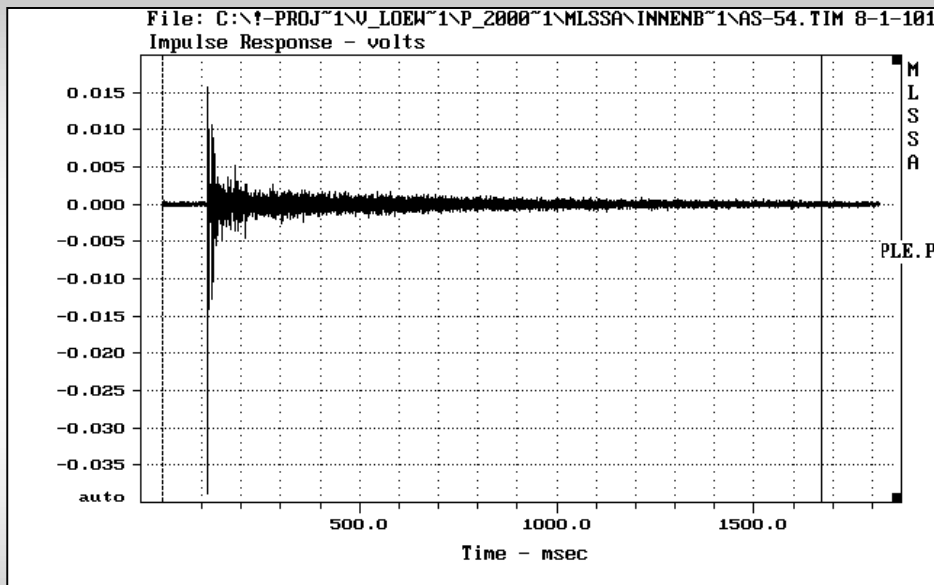
- reduces Potential Reflections
- reduces Reverberant Level (Lr)
- increases Intelligibility (Ld vs. Lr)
- reduces Total Sound Pressure Level ( $L_t = L_d + L_r$ )
- minimizes Potential Noise Pollution

\* for Equal Direct Sound Pressure Level

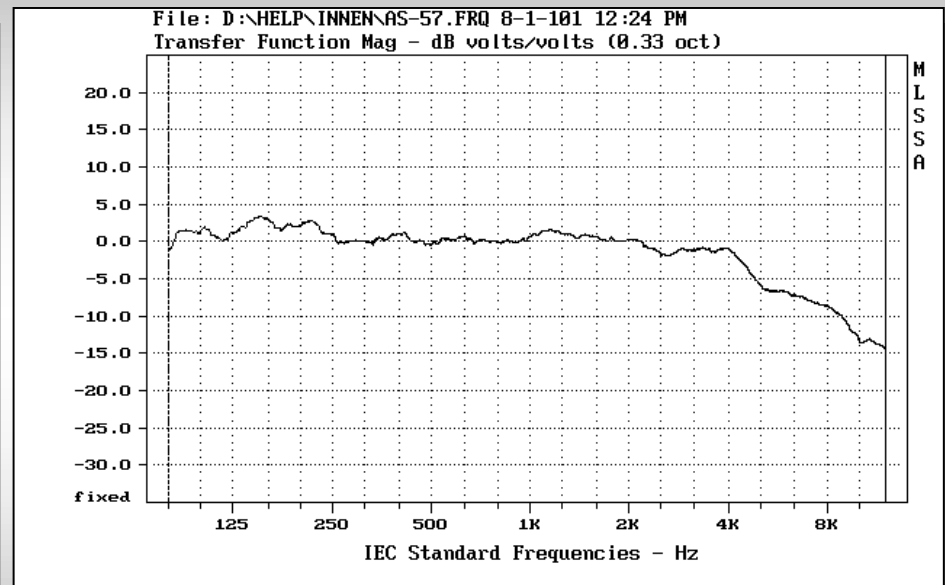


# ... and creates an excellent result:

## Impulse and Frequency Response, typical



TIME DOMAIN MENU: Go View FFT Waterfall Acquisition Setup Transfer Macro  
Overlay Calculate Printer DOS Units Library Info Quit  
F1 for Help MLSSA: Time Domain



CURSOR: y = -14.5021 x = 11999.7321 (21823)

FREQUENCY DOMAIN MENU: Go View Reference Acquisition Setup Transfer Macro QC  
Overlay Calculate Printer DOS Units Library Info Exit  
F1 for Help MLSSA: Frequency Domain

# Speech Transmission Index, not occupied, typical

MTF Matrix (Uncalibrated)

Frequency-Hz	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000
level dB-SPL	63.2	64.7	66.7	69.7	71.5	72.7	68.9
m-correction	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	1.000	0.999
0.63	0.671	0.622	0.559	0.575	0.674	0.830	0.943
0.80	0.637	0.584	0.513	0.525	0.642	0.800	0.925
1.00	0.585	0.536	0.454	0.461	0.601	0.761	0.901
1.25	0.514	0.496	0.406	0.413	0.568	0.731	0.877
1.60	0.429	0.481	0.380	0.405	0.557	0.720	0.859
2.00	0.377	0.486	0.340	0.408	0.546	0.711	0.842
2.50	0.344	0.464	0.354	0.375	0.520	0.690	0.821
3.15	0.307	0.430	0.362	0.332	0.501	0.672	0.802
4.00	0.285	0.386	0.317	0.347	0.480	0.668	0.795
5.00	0.184	0.345	0.267	0.343	0.467	0.649	0.788
6.30	0.115	0.318	0.285	0.258	0.441	0.625	0.767
8.00	0.176	0.304	0.176	0.208	0.400	0.602	0.738
10.00	0.046	0.361	0.156	0.249	0.395	0.597	0.729
12.50	0.274	0.338	0.231	0.244	0.374	0.587	0.717
octave MTI	0.390	0.463	0.399	0.417	0.507	0.619	0.735

PLE.P

STI value= 0.514 (0.497 modified) ALcons= 10.5% Rating= FAIR

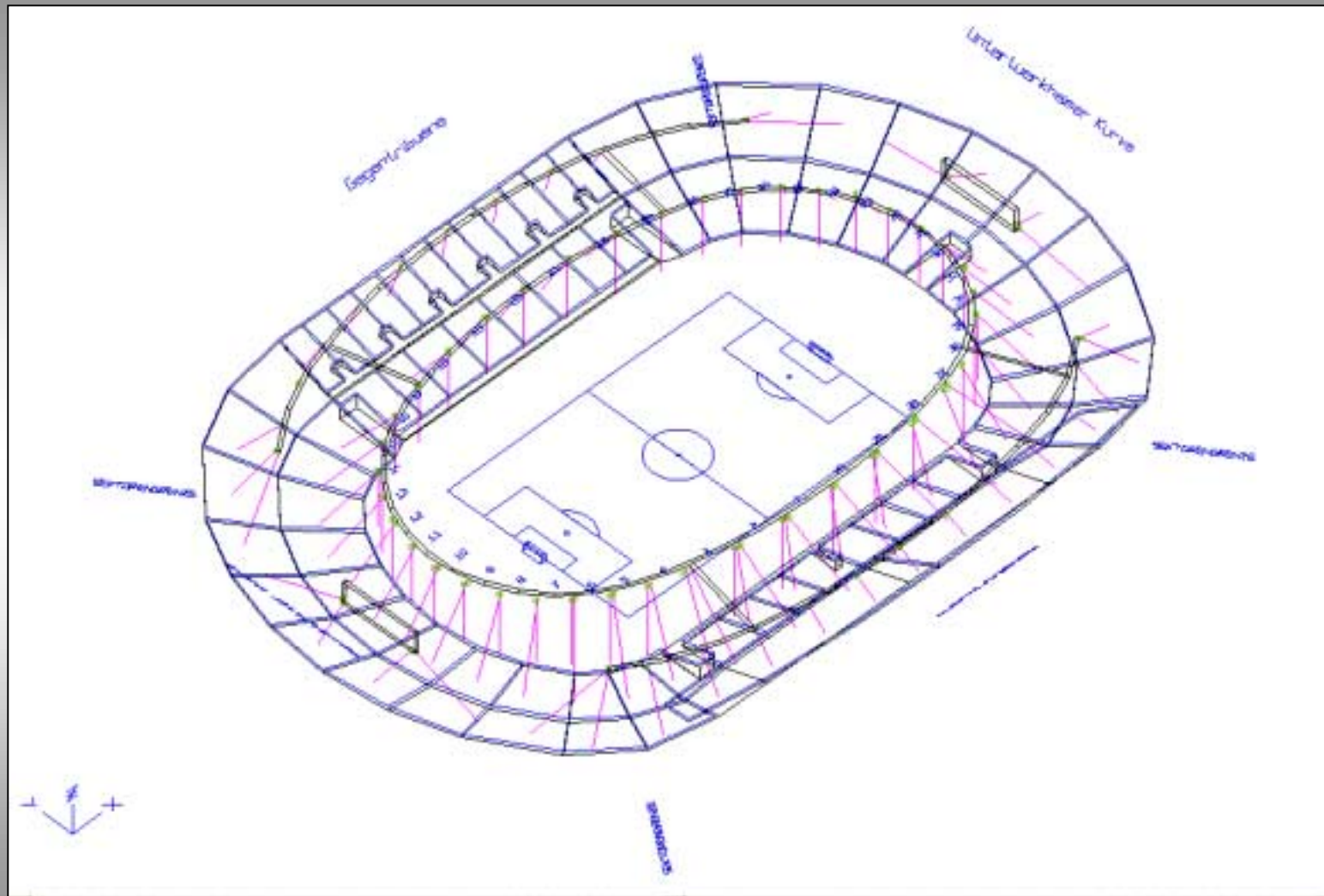
ESC to exit, F1 to print, Shift-F1 to dump.

MLSSA: STI

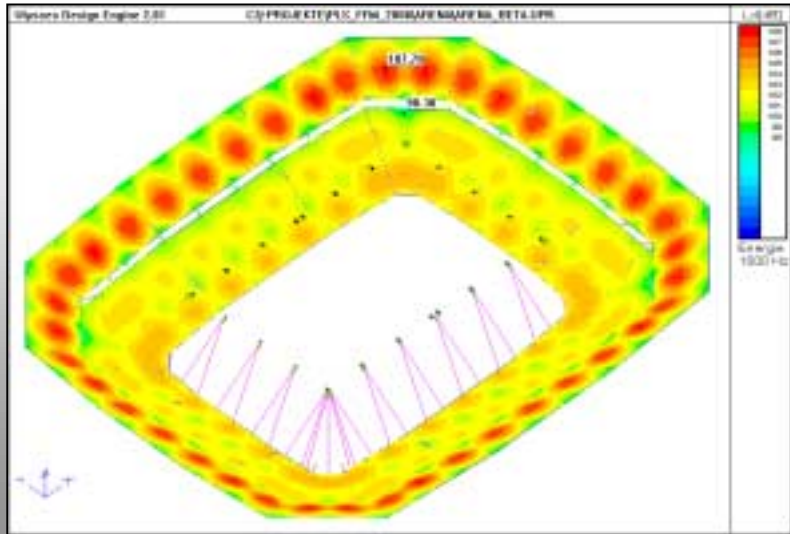
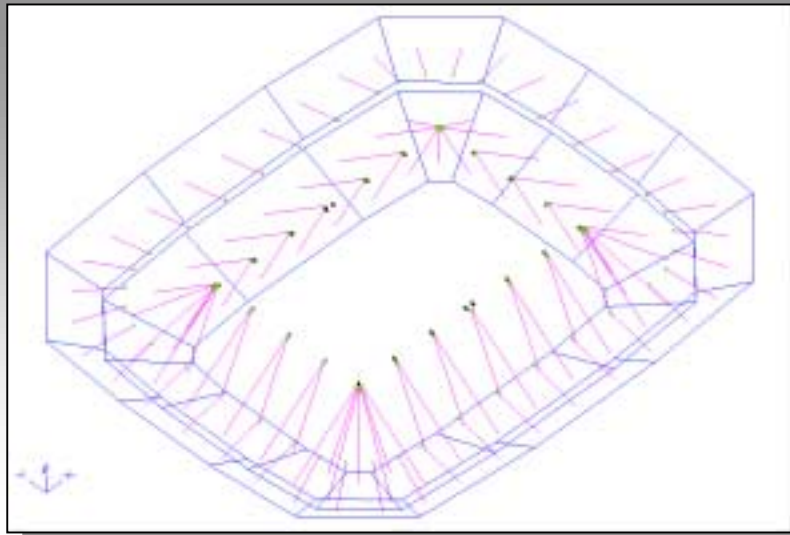
# Gottlieb Daimler Stadion, Stuttgart



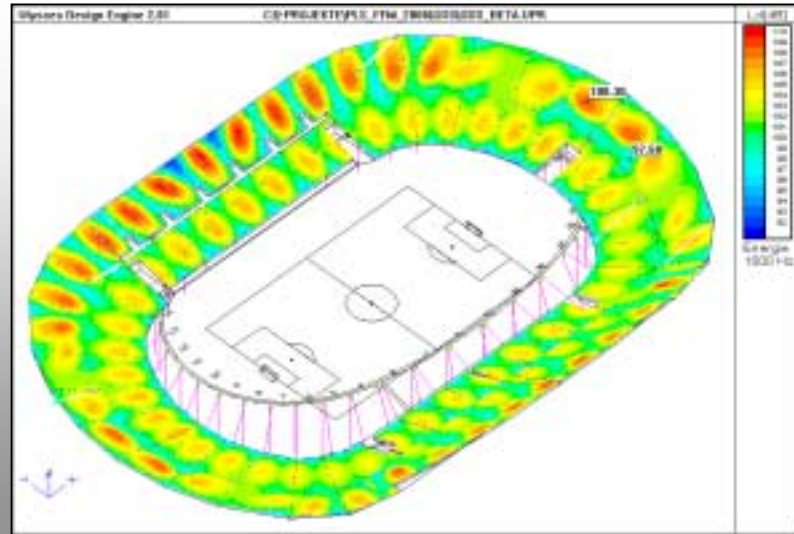
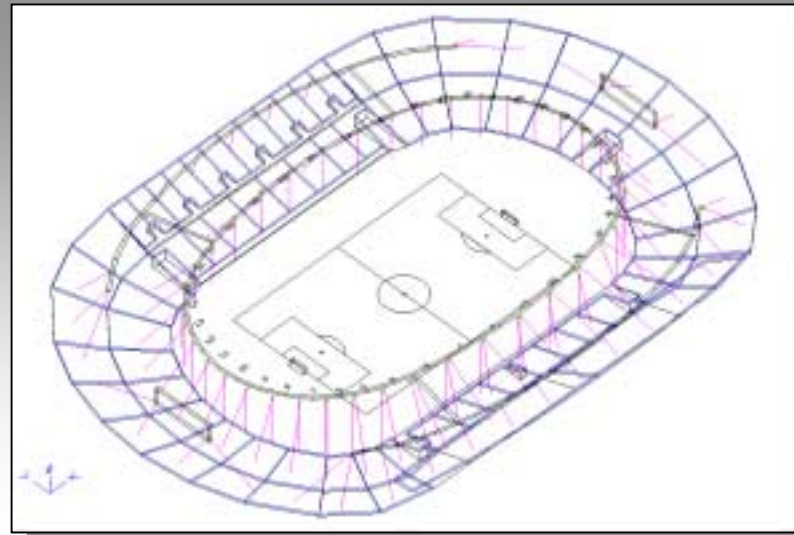
# Gottlieb Daimler Stadion, Stuttgart, Simulation Model



# Schalke, Concept



# Stuttgart, Concept



# Schalke

# Stuttgart

+60.000 seats

Direct SoundPressure Level

Ld = 98-107 dB SPL @ 1 kHz

Pacoustic = 1400 Watt

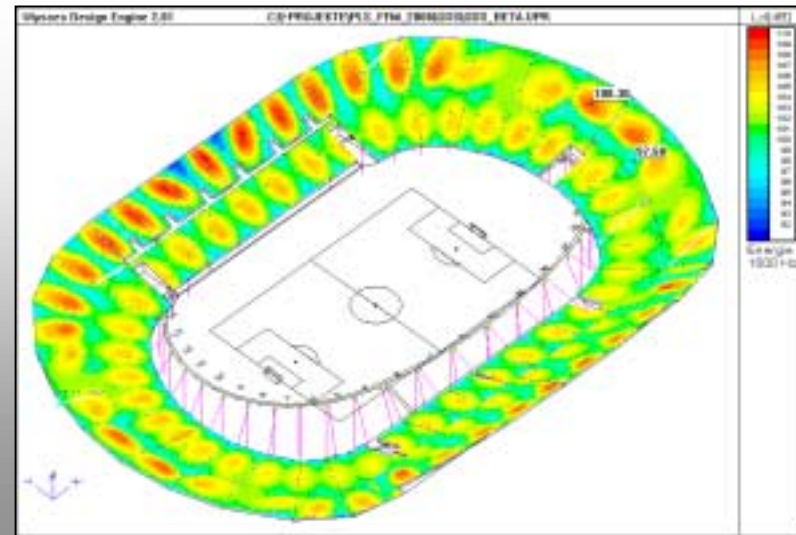
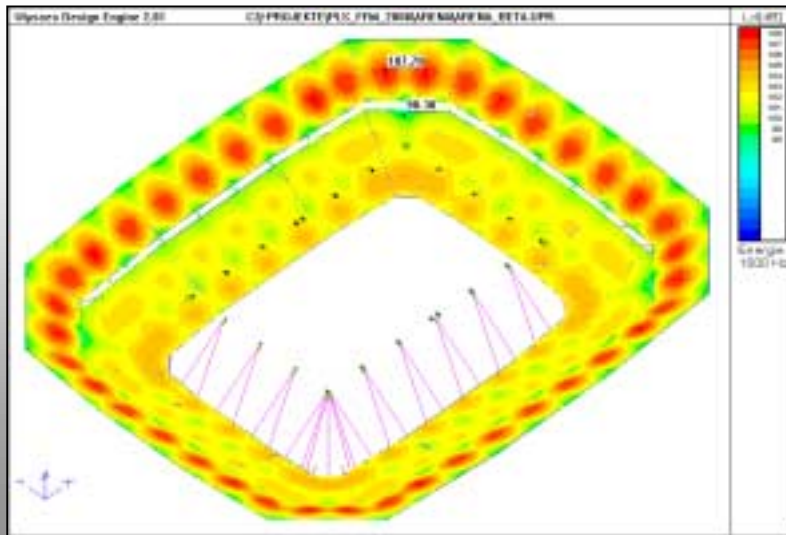
+50.000 seats

Direct SoundPressure Level

Ld = 96-107 dB SPL @ 1 kHz

Pacoustic = 800 Watt

All data from simulation



# Credits

- *Arena AufSchalke, now Veltins Arena*
- *FC Gelsenkirchen - Schalke 04 e. V.*
- *media systems, Gelsenkirchen*
- *Gottlieb Daimler Stadion, now ...*
- *VfB Stuttgart*
- *EnBW*
- *Hochbauamt Stuttgart*
- *Siemens Stuttgart*
- *...*



# Discussion

- Any Questions appreciated



# Sound Reinforcement & Acoustics in Multi-Purpose Stadiums



**Thank You for Your Attention!**